

Have got / Has got – Test 1



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answers instantly

Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____ Score: / 30

Choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D) for each question.

Part 1: Affirmative forms

Choose the correct form of *have got* or *has got*.

1. My sister _____ long hair.
 A have got B is got C has got D haves got
2. We _____ a big garden.
 A has got B have got C are got D having got
3. They _____ two cats.
 A are got B has got C is having D have got
4. Tom _____ a new bike.
 A have got B has got C has get D is got
5. Choose the short form of: She has got a cold.
 A She've got a cold. B Shes got a cold.
 C She's got a cold. D She has' got a cold.
6. What is the full form of "I've got"?
 A I am got B I have got C I has got D I had got
7. The dog _____ a long tail.
 A has got B have got C is got D got has
8. My parents _____ a small car.
 A has got B are got C have got D haves got
9. "Ana has got two brothers." This means:
 A Ana wants two brothers. B Ana is getting two brothers.
 C Ana had two brothers before. D Ana has two brothers.
10. Choose the correct sentence.
 A Lucas and Mia has got a baby. B Lucas and Mia have got a baby.
 C Lucas and Mia have a got baby. D Lucas and Mia got have a baby.

Part 2: Negative forms

Choose the correct negative form or find the mistake.

11. I _____ a computer at home.
 A don't got B haven't got C hasn't got D not have got
12. Ben _____ any homework today.
 A haven't got B doesn't got C hasn't got D isn't got

13. What is the full form of "hasn't got"?
A have not got **B** has not got **C** is not got **D** has no got
14. My grandparents _____ a computer.
A hasn't got **B** aren't got **C** don't got **D** haven't got
15. Find the mistake: She haven't got a pen.
A She **B** haven't **C** got **D** a pen
16. This bag _____ a pocket.
A hasn't got **B** haven't got **C** isn't got **D** not has got
17. Choose the correct sentence.
A They don't have got a garden. **B** They haven't got a garden.
C They hasn't got a garden. **D** They not have got a garden.
18. Find the mistake: Leo not has got a ticket.
A Leo **B** not has **C** got **D** a ticket
19. You _____ a pencil, but you've got a pen.
A hasn't got **B** don't got **C** aren't got **D** haven't got
20. Choose the negative of: He's got a car.
A He haven't got a car. **B** He isn't got a car.
C He hasn't got a car. **D** He doesn't got a car.

Part 3: Questions and short answers

Choose the correct question word, question or short answer.

21. _____ you got a pet?
A Do **B** Are **C** Have **D** Has
22. _____ your brother got a phone?
A Have **B** Has **C** Does **D** Is
23. "Have you got a bike?" "Yes, I _____."
A have got **B** has **C** have **D** got
24. "Has Emma got a sister?" "No, she _____."
A hasn't **B** haven't **C** doesn't **D** isn't
25. Choose the correct question.
A Has got she a car? **B** Have she got a car?
C Does she has got a car? **D** Has she got a car?
26. "_____ they got any children?" "Yes, they have."
A Has **B** Are **C** Do **D** Have
27. Choose the correct answer to: "Have you got a pen?"
A Yes, I've. **B** Yes, I have. **C** Yes, I've got. **D** Yes, I has.
28. Find the mistake: Have your teacher got a car?
A Have **B** your teacher **C** got **D** a car
29. What _____ you got in your bag?
A has **B** do **C** have **D** are

30. Choose the question for this answer: "Yes, he has. He's got a big black dog."

A Has Sam got a dog?

B Have Sam got a dog?

C Is Sam got a dog?

D Does Sam has got a dog?

Answer key – Have got / Has got – Test 1

1 C	2 B	3 D	4 B	5 C	6 B	7 A	8 C	9 D	10 B
11 B	12 C	13 B	14 D	15 B	16 A	17 B	18 B	19 D	20 C
21 C	22 B	23 C	24 A	25 D	26 D	27 B	28 A	29 C	30 A

Explanations

- C** – With he, she or it (my sister = she), we use has got.
- B** – With I, you, we and they, we use have got.
- D** – They takes have got, and we never use be with got for possession.
- B** – Tom = he, so the correct form is has got.
- C** – The short form of she has got is she's got, with an apostrophe.
- B** – 've is the short form of have, so I've got = I have got.
- A** – The dog = it, so we use has got.
- C** – My parents = they, so we use have got.
- D** – Has got means the same as has: it shows possession or family now.
- B** – Two people = they, and the order is have got + noun.
- B** – The negative with I is haven't got (have not got).
- C** – Ben = he, so the negative is hasn't got.
- B** – Hasn't is the short form of has not.
- D** – My grandparents = they, so the negative is haven't got.
- B** – With she we need hasn't, not haven't.
- A** – The bag = it, so the negative is hasn't got.
- B** – We make the negative with haven't got, without do.
- B** – Not goes after has: Leo hasn't got (has not got) a ticket.
- D** – With you, the negative is haven't got.
- C** – He's got = he has got, so the negative is he hasn't got.
- C** – Questions with you start with Have: Have you got...?
- B** – Your brother = he, so the question starts with Has.
- C** – Short answers use have or has without got: Yes, I have.
- A** – A question with has gets a short answer with has: No, she hasn't.
- D** – The order is Has + subject + got: Has she got a car?
- D** – With they, the question starts with Have.
- B** – In positive short answers we use the full form have, without got.
- A** – Your teacher = he or she, so the question needs Has, not Have.
- C** – After a question word we still use have with you: What have you got...?
- A** – Sam = he, so the question is Has Sam got...? and it matches the answer Yes, he has.

Notes for teachers: Use this test after introducing have got for possessions, family and descriptions. It targets common A1 errors such as 'he have got', 'I don't got', 'Does she has got...?' and full short answers like 'Yes, I have got.' Go over Part 3 orally afterwards in a pair-work activity, for example a 'Have you got...?' survey about pets, gadgets and family members.