# Weather and Seasons – Worksheet 1

Name: Class: Date: Score: / 38

Do this worksheet online and check your answers instantly

## Exercise 1: Seasons and weather

*Read each sentence and choose the right word from the box. There is one extra word.*

WORD BOX

**spring summer autumn winter rainy sunny cloudy windy snowy**

1. This season comes after winter. Flowers start to grow. → _____
2. This is the hottest season. Many people go to the beach. → _____
3. This season comes after summer. Leaves fall from the trees. → _____
4. This is the coldest season of the year. → _____
5. Water falls from the sky. You need an umbrella. → _____
6. The sky is blue and you can see the sun. → _____
7. The sky is grey. You can't see the sun. → _____
8. Hold your hat! The air is moving very fast. → _____

## Exercise 2: Complete the sentences

*Complete each sentence with a word from the box. There are two extra words.*

**Example:** It's cold. Put on your ___. → hat

WORD BOX

**umbrella sunglasses cold hot degrees snowman weather coat beach flowers**

9. It's raining. Take your _____.
10. It's very sunny today. Wear your _____.
11. It's minus five degrees. It's very _____.
12. It's 35 degrees today. It's very _____.
13. The temperature is twenty _____.
14. It's snowy. The children are making a _____ in the garden.
15. What's the _____ like today?
16. It's cold and windy. Put on your _____.

© PDFTests.com – Free for personal and classroom use

## Exercise 3: Make weather adjectives

*Use the word in brackets to make an adjective that completes the sentence.*

**Example:** Be careful on the road. It's ___ outside. (ICE) → icy

17. It's a _____ day. Let's go to the park. (SUN)
18. London is often _____. Take an umbrella. (RAIN)
19. The sky is grey and _____. (CLOUD)
20. It's very _____ today. My hat flew away! (WIND)
21. We can't see the mountains. It's _____. (FOG)
22. In January the mountains are white and _____. (SNOW)
23. There is a lot of wind and rain. It's a _____ night. (STORM)

## Exercise 4: Find the mistake

*Each sentence has one mistake. Write the correct sentence.*

**Example:** It is sun today. → It is sunny today.

24. It is snow today.

25. We go to the beach on summer.

26. It's raining. Take a umbrella.

27. It rain a lot in April.

28. The weather are nice today.

29. It is very wind today.

30. Autumn come after summer.

31. Look! It snowing.

© PDFTests.com – Free for personal and classroom use

## Exercise 5: Make sentences

*Put the words in the correct order to make a sentence or question.*

**Example:** cold / is / it → It is cold.

32. like / is / the / what / weather / today

33. hot / is / summer / it / in

34. snows / in / it / winter / often

35. favourite / season / my / spring / is

36. sky / the / today / grey / is

37. raining / it / is / now

38. wear / I / my / coat / when / cold / it's

© PDFTests.com – Free for personal and classroom use

# Answer key – Weather and Seasons – Worksheet 1

## Exercise 1: Seasons and weather

1. **spring**
   Spring comes after winter, and flowers grow in spring.
2. **summer**
   Summer is the hottest season.
3. **autumn**
   In autumn, leaves fall from the trees.
4. **winter**
   Winter is the coldest season.
5. **rainy**
   When it rains, the weather is rainy.
6. **sunny**
   When the sun shines, the weather is sunny.
7. **cloudy**
   Grey clouds cover the sun, so it is cloudy.
8. **windy**
   Fast-moving air is wind, so it is windy.

## Exercise 2: Complete the sentences

9. **umbrella**
   An umbrella keeps you dry in the rain.
10. **sunglasses**
    Sunglasses protect your eyes from the sun.
11. **cold**
    Minus five degrees is very cold.
12. **hot**
    35 degrees is very hot.
13. **degrees**
    We measure temperature in degrees.
14. **snowman**
    Children make a snowman from snow.
15. **weather**
    'What's the weather like?' is the usual question about weather.
16. **coat**
    You wear a coat when it is cold.

## Exercise 3: Make weather adjectives

17. **sunny**
    SUN + n + y = sunny (double the n).
18. **rainy**
    RAIN + y = rainy.
19. **cloudy**
    CLOUD + y = cloudy.
20. **windy**
    WIND + y = windy.
21. **foggy**
    FOG + g + y = foggy (double the g).
22. **snowy**
    SNOW + y = snowy.
23. **stormy**
    STORM + y = stormy.

## Exercise 4: Find the mistake

24. **It is snowy today.**
    After 'It is' we need the adjective 'snowy' or the verb form 'snowing' (present continuous), not the noun 'snow', so both 'It is snowy today.' and 'It is snowing today.' are correct, also with the short form 'It's'.
25. **We go to the beach in summer.**
    We use 'in' with seasons: in summer.
26. **It's raining. Take an umbrella.**
    We use 'an' before a vowel sound: an umbrella.
27. **It rains a lot in April.**
    With 'it' in the present simple, add -s: it rains.
28. **The weather is nice today.**
    'Weather' is singular, so we use 'is'.
29. **It is very windy today.**
    We need the adjective 'windy' after 'very'.
30. **Autumn comes after summer.**
    'Autumn' is singular, so the verb needs -s: comes.
31. **Look! It's snowing.**
    The present continuous needs 'is': it is snowing.

© PDFTests.com – Free for personal and classroom use

## Exercise 5: Make sentences

32. **What is the weather like today?**
    The question pattern is 'What is the weather like...?'
33. **It is hot in summer.**
    Weather sentences start with 'It is'; the season can go at the start or the end.
34. **It often snows in winter.**
    'Often' goes before the main verb: it often snows.
35. **Spring is my favourite season.**
    Both 'Spring is my favourite season.' and 'My favourite season is spring.' are correct because with the verb 'be' either 'spring' or 'my favourite season' can come first, and both word orders are natural English.
36. **The sky is grey today.**
    Subject + is + adjective: The sky is grey.
37. **It is raining now.**
    Present continuous: it + is + raining.
38. **I wear my coat when it's cold.**
    The 'when' part can go at the end or at the start with a comma.

**Notes for teachers:** Start with the matching exercise to check meaning, then move on to word forms and sentence building. Learners often say 'It is rain' or 'It is wind' instead of 'It is rainy/windy', and 'on summer' instead of 'in summer'. To follow up, ask pairs to describe today's weather and their favourite season using the sentences from Exercise 5 as models.

© PDFTests.com – Free for personal and classroom use