

Presente simple (Present Simple) – Test 3

Nombre: _____ Clase: _____ Fecha: _____ Puntuación: / 30



Haz este examen en línea y comprueba tus respuestas al instante

Elige la respuesta correcta (A, B, C o D) en cada pregunta.

Parte 1: Formas afirmativas y ortografía

Elige la palabra o la frase correcta para completar cada ítem.

1. My cat _____ on my bed every night.
 A sleep B sleeps C sleeping D is sleep
2. Anna and Joe _____ in a small flat.
 A lives B is live C live D living
3. Carlos _____ computers for his job.
 A fixs B fix C fixing D fixes
4. The sun _____ in the east.
 A rises B rise C is rise D rising
5. Leila _____ her laptop to work every day.
 A carrys B carry C carries D is carry
6. Sam _____ swimming on Fridays.
 A go B goes C gos D going
7. Choose the correct sentence.
 A She have two brothers. B She haves two brothers.
 C She is have two brothers. D She has two brothers.
8. I _____ my best friend every weekend.
 A meet B meets C am meet D meeting

Parte 2: Negativas y preguntas

Elige la opción correcta para formar frases negativas y preguntas.

9. Jin _____ like cold weather.
 A don't B isn't C doesn't D not
10. My friends and I _____ play tennis in winter.
 A doesn't B don't C aren't D not
11. Choose the correct sentence.
 A Olga don't speak German. B Olga doesn't speaks German.
 C Olga not speak German. D Olga doesn't speak German.
12. _____ your neighbours have a garden?
 A Does B Are C Do D Is

13. Does Pablo _____ fast?
A runs **B** run **C** running **D** to run
14. Where _____ he keep his keys?
A does **B** do **C** is **D** are
15. Choose the correct question.
A When do the film start? **B** When the film starts?
C When does the film start? **D** When does the film starts?
16. Which sentence talks about a daily routine?
A I am getting up now. **B** I get up at seven every day.
C I got up at seven yesterday. **D** I will get up at seven tomorrow.

Parte 3: Respuestas cortas, preguntas y errores

Elige la respuesta o la pregunta correcta, o la parte de la frase que contiene el error.

17. "Do you play tennis?" "No, I _____."
A doesn't **B** not **C** don't **D** am not
18. "Does your cat like milk?" "Yes, it _____."
A does **B** do **C** is **D** likes
19. "Do your friends live near you?" "No, they _____."
A doesn't **B** aren't **C** not live **D** don't
20. "_____ " "At half past seven."
A What time you get up? **B** What time do you get up?
C What time does you get up? **D** What time are you get up?
21. Find the mistake: My uncle drive a taxi in the city.
A My **B** drive **C** a taxi **D** in the city
22. Find the mistake: Do Ben have a sister?
A Do **B** Ben **C** have **D** a sister
23. Find the mistake: Rosa studys English every evening.
A Rosa **B** studys **C** English **D** every evening
24. Choose the correct sentence.
A I walk always to school. **B** Always I walks to school.
C I always walk to school. **D** I always walks to school.

Parte 4: Lectura

Lee el texto y elige la respuesta correcta.

Hi! My name is Amara. I work in a library in the city centre. I start work at nine o'clock and I finish at five. I go to work by tram. I don't drive.

My husband, Luca, is a cook. He works in a restaurant, so he gets home late. He doesn't work on Mondays. On Mondays we go for a walk by the river.

We have a son, Oscar. He is eight. He goes to school near our home. He loves animals and he wants a rabbit. I like animals too, but Luca doesn't!

At the weekend, I read and Oscar plays with his friends. Luca sleeps a lot on Sunday mornings.

25. Where does Amara work?

- A** In a restaurant **B** In a library **C** In a school **D** In a hospital

26. How does Amara go to work?

- A** By car **B** By bus **C** On foot **D** By tram

27. Which day doesn't Luca work?

- A** On Sundays **B** On Mondays **C** On Fridays **D** Every day

28. Which sentence is true?

- A** Oscar has a rabbit. **B** Luca likes animals.
C Oscar goes to school near his home. **D** Amara drives to work.

29. "Does Luca like animals?"

- A** Yes, he does. **B** No, he don't. **C** Yes, he likes. **D** No, he doesn't.

30. Oscar _____ a rabbit.

- A** want **B** wants **C** wanting **D** is want

Soluciones – Presente simple (Present Simple) – Test 3

1 B	2 C	3 D	4 A	5 C	6 B	7 D	8 A	9 C	10 B
11 D	12 C	13 B	14 A	15 C	16 B	17 C	18 A	19 D	20 B
21 B	22 A	23 B	24 C	25 B	26 D	27 B	28 C	29 D	30 B

Explicaciones

- B** – Con he/she/it (my cat), añadimos -s al verbo: sleeps.
- C** – Anna and Joe = they, así que el verbo no lleva -s: live.
- D** – Los verbos terminados en -x añaden -es con he/she/it: fixes.
- A** – Usamos el Present Simple para hechos generales, y 'the sun' = it, por eso decimos rises.
- C** – Consonante + y cambia a -ies con he/she/it: carries.
- B** – El verbo 'go' pasa a 'goes' con he/she/it.
- D** – 'Have' es irregular: con he/she/it usamos 'has'.
- A** – Con 'I', el verbo no lleva -s: meet.
- C** – Con he/she/it, la negativa se forma con 'doesn't' + verbo en forma base.
- B** – 'My friends and I' = we, así que la negativa es 'don't'.
- D** – Después de 'doesn't' usamos el verbo en forma base, sin -s: doesn't speak.
- C** – 'Your neighbours' = they, así que la pregunta empieza con 'Do'.
- B** – Después de 'does' usamos el verbo en forma base: run.
- A** – Con 'he', las preguntas se forman con 'does' + verbo en forma base.
- C** – El orden es: partícula interrogativa + does + sujeto + verbo en forma base.
- B** – Usamos el Present Simple para hábitos y rutinas, a menudo con 'every day'.
- C** – La respuesta corta repite el auxiliar de la pregunta: No, I don't.
- A** – A una pregunta con 'does' le corresponde la respuesta corta 'Yes, it does'.
- D** – Con 'they', la respuesta corta negativa es 'No, they don't'.
- B** – Con 'you', la pregunta necesita 'do' delante del sujeto.
- B** – 'My uncle' = he, así que el verbo necesita -s: drives.
- A** – 'Ben' = he, así que la pregunta necesita 'Does', no 'Do'.
- B** – Consonante + y cambia a -ies: studies.
- C** – Los adverbios de frecuencia como 'always' van delante del verbo principal, y con 'I' el verbo no lleva -s.
- B** – El texto dice: 'I work in a library in the city centre.'
- D** – Amara dice: 'I go to work by tram. I don't drive.'
- B** – El texto dice: 'He doesn't work on Mondays.'
- C** – El texto dice que Oscar 'goes to school near our home'.
- D** – Amara dice que a Luca no le gustan los animales, y la respuesta corta correcta es 'No, he doesn't'.
- B** – Oscar = he, así que el verbo lleva -s: wants.

Notas para el profesor: Utiliza este test después de explicar el Present Simple o como repaso antes de pasar al Present Continuous. Se centra en los errores típicos del nivel A1: olvidar la -s de tercera persona, formas mal escritas como 'studys' o 'fixs', 'doesn't' + verbo con -s, el auxiliar equivocado en las preguntas y la posición del adverbio. Como actividad de seguimiento, pide a los alumnos que escriban cinco frases sobre la rutina de un familiar y que las intercambien para corregirlas entre compañeros.