

Verbo to be (am, is, are) – Test 1

Nombre: _____ Clase: _____ Fecha: _____ Puntuación: / 30



Haz este examen en línea y comprueba tus respuestas al instante

Elige la respuesta correcta (A, B, C o D) en cada pregunta.

Parte 1: Formas afirmativas

Elige la forma correcta del verbo to be para completar cada oración.

- I _____ a student.
A am B is C are D be
- My sister _____ twelve years old.
A are B am C is D be
- Tom and Ana _____ in the kitchen.
A is B are C am D be
- The weather _____ cold today.
A are B am C be D is
- We _____ from Brazil.
A are B is C am D be
- Choose the correct sentence.
A She are my friend. B She is my friend. C She am my friend. D She be my friend.
- "I'm hungry." In this sentence, 'm is the short form of _____.
A is B are C am D have
- My books _____ on the table.
A is B am C are D be
- "They are happy." Choose the correct short form.
A They's happy. B Their happy. C They're happy. D They'm happy.
- You _____ very kind, Maria.
A is B are C am D be

Parte 2: Formas negativas

Elige la forma negativa correcta o la oración correcta.

- I _____ tired. I feel great!
A isn't B aren't C am not D not am
- He _____ at home now. He's at work.
A aren't B isn't C not D amn't
- My parents _____ teachers. They're nurses.
A isn't B not are C am not D aren't

14. "It is expensive." Choose the correct negative sentence.
A It not is expensive. **B** It no is expensive.
C It isn't expensive. **D** It aren't expensive.
15. We _____ late. We're early!
A isn't **B** am not **C** aren't **D** not
16. Find the mistake: "Sara and I isn't in the same class."
A Sara **B** and **C** isn't **D** class
17. The shop _____ open on Sundays. It's closed.
A isn't **B** aren't **C** am not **D** not
18. Choose the correct sentence.
A I amn't ready. **B** I not ready. **C** I isn't ready. **D** I'm not ready.
19. The cat _____ black. It's white.
A aren't **B** isn't **C** am not **D** not is
20. The children _____ at school today. They're on holiday.
A isn't **B** not **C** aren't **D** am not

Parte 3: Preguntas y respuestas cortas

Elige la pregunta, la respuesta o la palabra correcta.

21. _____ you a student? — Yes, I am.
A Is **B** Am **C** Are **D** Be
22. _____ your brother at home?
A Are **B** Is **C** Am **D** Does
23. "Are they from Japan?" — "No, _____."
A they not **B** they aren't **C** they isn't **D** they're not are
24. "Is it your bag?" — "Yes, _____."
A it's **B** it is **C** it are **D** is it
25. Choose the correct question.
A Where you are from? **B** Where are you from?
C Where is you from? **D** Where you from are?
26. "Am I late?" — "No, you _____."
A am not **B** isn't **C** aren't **D** not
27. How old _____ your children?
A is **B** are **C** am **D** be
28. "Is Lina your cousin?" Choose the correct answer.
A Yes, she is. **B** Yes, she's. **C** Yes, he are. **D** Yes, is she.
29. Find the mistake: "Is Peter and Maya at the park?"
A Is **B** Peter **C** Maya **D** park
30. "Who _____ that man?" — "He's my uncle."
A are **B** am **C** is **D** be

Soluciones – Verbo to be (am, is, are) – Test 1

1 A	2 C	3 B	4 D	5 A	6 B	7 C	8 C	9 C	10 B
11 C	12 B	13 D	14 C	15 C	16 C	17 A	18 D	19 B	20 C
21 C	22 B	23 B	24 B	25 B	26 C	27 B	28 A	29 A	30 C

Explicaciones

- A** – Con el sujeto 'I' usamos 'am'.
- C** – 'My sister' equivale a she (tercera persona del singular), por eso usamos 'is'.
- B** – 'Tom and Ana' es plural (they), por eso usamos 'are'.
- D** – 'The weather' equivale a it (singular), por eso usamos 'is'.
- A** – Con el sujeto 'we' usamos 'are'.
- B** – Con el sujeto 'she' usamos 'is'.
- C** – I'm es la contracción de 'I am'.
- C** – 'My books' es plural, por eso usamos 'are'.
- C** – La contracción de 'they are' es 'they're'. 'Their' es un posesivo.
- B** – Con 'you' siempre usamos 'are', aunque se refiera a una sola persona.
- C** – La negativa con 'I' es 'am not' (forma contraída: I'm not).
- B** – Con 'he' la negativa es 'is not' o 'isn't'.
- D** – 'My parents' es plural, por eso la negativa es 'aren't'.
- C** – Colocamos 'not' después de 'is': It is not / It isn't.
- C** – Con 'we' la negativa es 'aren't'.
- C** – 'Sara and I' equivale a 'we', por eso la forma correcta es 'aren't'.
- A** – 'The shop' es singular, por eso la negativa es 'isn't'.
- D** – La negativa de 'I am' es 'I'm not'. 'Amn't' no es inglés estándar.
- B** – 'The cat' equivale a it (singular), por eso la negativa es 'isn't'.
- C** – 'The children' es plural, por eso la negativa es 'aren't'.
- C** – En las preguntas con 'you' colocamos 'Are' delante del sujeto.
- B** – 'Your brother' es singular, por eso la pregunta empieza con 'Is'.
- B** – La respuesta corta negativa para 'they' es 'No, they aren't'.
- B** – En las respuestas cortas afirmativas no usamos contracciones, por eso decimos 'Yes, it is'.
- B** – En las preguntas, el verbo va delante del sujeto: Where + are + you.
- C** – La respuesta se refiere a 'you', por eso usamos 'you aren't'.
- B** – 'Your children' es plural, por eso usamos 'are'.
- A** – La respuesta corta afirmativa correcta es 'Yes, she is', sin contracción.
- A** – 'Peter and Maya' es plural, por eso la pregunta debe empezar con 'Are'.
- C** – 'That man' es singular, por eso usamos 'is'.

Notas para el profesor: Utiliza este test después de presentar los pronombres personales de sujeto y las formas del presente de to be, o como prueba diagnóstica rápida al comienzo de un curso A1. Se centra en errores frecuentes de los principiantes: la concordancia entre sujeto y verbo con sujetos plurales como 'Tom and Ana', la forma incorrecta 'amn't', el orden equivocado de las palabras en las preguntas y el uso de contracciones en respuestas cortas afirmativas como 'Yes, it's'. Como actividad de seguimiento, los alumnos pueden escribir cinco frases verdaderas y cinco falsas sobre sí mismos; después, su compañero responde con respuestas cortas.