

El verbo to be (am, is, are) – Test 3

Nombre: _____ Clase: _____ Fecha: _____ Puntuación: / 30



Haz este examen en línea y comprueba tus respuestas al instante

Elige la respuesta correcta (A, B, C o D) en cada pregunta.

Parte 1: Formas afirmativas

Elige la forma correcta del verbo to be o la oración correcta.

- Our flat _____ on the third floor.
A are B is C am D be
- The flowers in the garden _____ beautiful.
A is B am C are D be
- Lucas _____ a doctor at the city hospital.
A is B are C am D be
- "She is my best friend." Choose the correct short form.
A Shes my best friend. B She'm my best friend.
C She're my best friend. D She's my best friend.
- Look at the clock! It _____ six o'clock.
A am B is C are D be
- Find the mistake: "I is in the garden with my dad."
A I B is C in the garden D with my dad
- Which sentence is correct?
A Jun and Mei is twins. B Jun and Mei am twins.
C Jun and Mei are twins. D Jun and Mei be twins.
- Look at these photos. _____ from my holiday in Greece.
A It's B They're C He's D We're
- "The milk is in the fridge. It's cold." In "It's", 's is the short form of _____.
A has B us C is D was
- You and Leo _____ in Room 5 today.
A is B am C be D are

Parte 2: Oraciones negativas

Elige la forma negativa correcta o la oración correcta.

- I _____ from Canada. I'm from Australia.
A am not B not am C isn't D aren't
- This bag _____ heavy. You can carry it easily.
A aren't B isn't C am not D not

13. Make this sentence negative: "You are wrong."
A You isn't wrong. **B** You not are wrong. **C** You aren't wrong. **D** You don't wrong.
14. Find the mistake: "We not are at the beach today."
A We **B** not are **C** at the beach **D** today
15. Kemal _____ at the gym. He's in the library.
A don't **B** not **C** aren't **D** isn't
16. My friends _____ angry with me. They're happy.
A aren't **B** isn't **C** not **D** am not
17. "Paula isn't old." This means Paula is _____.
A old **B** young **C** very old **D** not young
18. Which is the correct short form of "I am not"?
A I amn't **B** I aren't **C** I'm not **D** I isn't
19. These shoes _____ mine. My shoes are black.
A isn't **B** aren't **C** am not **D** not
20. Choose another correct way to say: "It isn't Monday today."
A It's not Monday today. **B** Its not Monday today.
C It not's Monday today. **D** It isn't not Monday today.

Parte 3: Preguntas y respuestas cortas

Elige la pregunta, el orden de las palabras o la respuesta corta correctos.

21. _____ Hana a nurse?
A Are **B** Am **C** Is **D** Be
22. _____ I in the right room for the English lesson?
A Am **B** Is **C** Are **D** Do
23. "Are you and your sister at home?" — "Yes, _____."
A we're **B** we are **C** you are **D** they are
24. "Is the museum near here?" — "No, _____."
A it not **B** it doesn't **C** it aren't **D** it isn't
25. Which question is correct?
A Are your father a pilot? **B** Does your father a pilot?
C Is your father a pilot? **D** Your father is pilot?
26. "What _____ your phone number?" — "It's 07 345 9821."
A are **B** is **C** am **D** be
27. Choose the correct question for this answer: "No, they aren't. They're German."
A Is your neighbour French? **B** Are you French?
C Is he French? **D** Are your neighbours French?
28. Put the words in the correct order: you / are / where / from
A Where you are from? **B** Where are you from?
C Are where you from? **D** Where from are you?
29. Find the mistake: "Is you ready?" — "Yes, I am."
A Is **B** you **C** ready **D** I am

30. "Is Ben's party on Saturday?" Choose the correct answer.

A Yes, he is.

B Yes, it's.

C Yes, is it.

D Yes, it is.

Soluciones – El verbo to be (am, is, are) – Test 3

1 B	2 C	3 A	4 D	5 B	6 B	7 C	8 B	9 C	10 D
11 A	12 B	13 C	14 B	15 D	16 A	17 B	18 C	19 B	20 A
21 C	22 A	23 B	24 D	25 C	26 B	27 D	28 B	29 A	30 D

Explicaciones

- B** – 'Our flat' es singular (it), por eso usamos 'is'.
- C** – 'The flowers' es plural (they), por eso usamos 'are'.
- A** – Lucas es una sola persona (he), por eso usamos 'is'.
- D** – La forma contraída de 'she is' es 'she's', con apóstrofo.
- B** – Usamos 'it is' para decir la hora.
- B** – Con 'I' siempre usamos 'am', así que la oración correcta es 'I am in the garden'.
- C** – Con dos personas (they) se usa 'are'.
- B** – 'These photos' es plural, por eso usamos 'They're' (they are).
- C** – 'It's cold' significa 'It is cold'.
- D** – 'You and Leo' equivale a 'you' en plural, por eso usamos 'are'.
- A** – La negación con 'I' es 'am not', y 'not' va detrás de 'am'.
- B** – 'This bag' es singular, así que la negativa es 'isn't'.
- C** – La negativa de 'you are' es 'you aren't'. Con el verbo to be no se usa 'don't'.
- B** – 'Not' va detrás del verbo: 'We are not' o 'We aren't'.
- D** – Kemal es una sola persona (he), así que la negativa es 'isn't'.
- A** – 'My friends' es plural, así que la negativa es 'aren't'.
- B** – Si Paula no es mayor ('isn't old'), es joven ('she is young').
- C** – La única forma contraída correcta es 'I'm not'. 'I amn't' no se usa en inglés.
- B** – 'These shoes' es plural, así que la negativa es 'aren't'.
- A** – 'It isn't' e 'It's not' son ambas formas contraídas correctas de 'it is not'.
- C** – Hana es una sola persona (she), así que la pregunta empieza por 'Is'.
- A** – Las preguntas con 'I' empiezan por 'Am'.
- B** – En las respuestas cortas afirmativas no se usan formas contraídas, por eso decimos 'Yes, we are'.
- D** – La respuesta corta negativa a 'Is it...?' es 'No, it isn't'.
- C** – En las preguntas, 'is' va delante del sujeto: 'Is your father a pilot?'.
- B** – 'Your phone number' es singular, por eso usamos 'is'.
- D** – La respuesta usa 'they', así que la pregunta tiene que referirse a más de una persona: 'Are your neighbours...?'.
- B** – El orden es pronombre interrogativo + verbo + sujeto: 'Where are you from?'.
- A** – Con 'you' usamos 'are', así que la pregunta es 'Are you ready?'.
- D** – 'The party' equivale a 'it', y en las respuestas cortas afirmativas no se usan formas contraídas: 'Yes, it is'.

Notas para el profesor: Trabaja las tres partes en orden: avanza de las formas afirmativas a las negativas y, por último, a las preguntas y respuestas cortas. El test se centra en errores típicos del nivel A1, como 'I is', 'I amn't', 'We not are', 'Yes, we're' o un orden incorrecto de las palabras en las preguntas. Como actividad de seguimiento, pide a los alumnos que escriban cinco frases verdaderas y cinco falsas sobre el aula y que luego corrijan las frases falsas de sus compañeros usando isn't o aren't.