

Past Perfect (pluscuamperfecto) – Test 1



Haz este examen en línea y comprueba tus respuestas al instante

Nombre: _____ Clase: _____ Fecha: _____ Puntuación: / 30

Elige la opción correcta (A, B, C o D) en cada pregunta.

Parte 1: Forma – afirmativa, negativa e interrogativa

Elige la opción correcta para completar cada oración o responder a cada pregunta.

- By the time we arrived, the film _____ already started.
A has **B** had **C** was **D** did
- Maria was tired because she _____ all day.
A has worked **B** had work **C** had worked **D** was work
- I _____ that museum before, so I was excited to go.
A didn't visited **B** haven't visited **C** hadn't visit **D** hadn't visited
- _____ you ever _____ sushi before you went to Japan?
A Had / eaten **B** Have / ate **C** Did / eaten **D** Had / ate
- They _____ the tickets, so they couldn't get in.
A hadn't buy **B** didn't bought **C** hadn't bought **D** hadn't buyed
- Choose the correct sentence.
A She had wrote the letter before lunch.
B She had written the letter before lunch.
C She has written the letter before lunch yesterday.
D She had write the letter before lunch.
- Choose the correct question.
A Did he had finished his homework when you called?
B Had he finish his homework when you called?
C Has he finished his homework when you called?
D Had he finished his homework when you called?
- "Had Tom left when you got home?" "No, he _____."
A didn't **B** hadn't **C** wasn't **D** hasn't
- When I got to the station, the train _____.
A has already left **B** had already leave
C had already left **D** had already leaving
- "We'd finished dinner when the phone rang." What does 'd mean in this sentence?
A would **B** had **C** did **D** have

Parte 2: Significado y uso

Elige la opción que mejor completa cada oración o responde a la pregunta.

11. When Ana got home, her brother _____ dinner, so they sat down and ate straight away.
A has cooked **B** cooks **C** was cook **D** had cooked
12. "When I arrived, the meeting had finished." Which statement is true?
A I arrived before the meeting finished.
B The meeting finished before I arrived.
C The meeting finished at the same moment I arrived.
D The meeting finished after I left.
13. I didn't want to see the film because I _____ already _____ the book and knew the ending.
A have / read **B** am / reading **C** had / read **D** did / read
14. After she _____ her exams, she went on holiday.
A had passed **B** has passed **C** passes **D** had pass
15. I didn't recognise Sam because he _____ a lot since school.
A has changed **B** had changed **C** changes **D** was changed
16. She had lived in Rome _____ ten years before she moved to Madrid.
A since **B** ago **C** for **D** during
17. They _____ never _____ snow until they visited Canada last winter.
A have / seen **B** did / see **C** were / seeing **D** had / seen
18. Choose the correct sentence.
A Yesterday I had gone to the cinema. **B** I went to the cinema yesterday.
C I have gone to the cinema yesterday. **D** I had go to the cinema yesterday.
19. The shop _____ by the time I got there, so I went home.
A has closed **B** is closed **C** had closed **D** closes
20. Ella had never flown _____ she went to Australia in 2019.
A since **B** until **C** for **D** yet

Parte 3: Comprensión lectora – el orden de los acontecimientos pasados

Lee el texto y elige la mejor respuesta a cada pregunta.

Last summer, Priya travelled to Lisbon for a job interview. She had never been to Portugal before, so she was a little nervous. She had booked a hotel near the city centre, and she had checked the route to the office the night before.

On the morning of the interview, she woke up late because she had forgotten to set her alarm. She got dressed quickly and ran to the bus stop, but the bus had just left. Luckily, a taxi was passing, and she arrived at the office five minutes early.

The manager, Mr Okafor, smiled when she came in. He had read her application, and he had liked her ideas. After the interview had finished, Priya walked along the river. By the evening, she had received an email: she had got the job!

21. Why was Priya a little nervous?
A because she had lost her passport
B because she had missed her flight
C because she had never been to Portugal before
D because she had never had a job interview
22. Which of these things happened first?
A She woke up late.
B She took a taxi.
C She walked along the river.
D She checked the route to the office.
23. Why did Priya wake up late?
A She had forgotten to set her alarm.
B She had gone to bed very late.
C The hotel had woken her too late.
D She had been ill in the night.
24. When Priya got to the bus stop, what was the situation?
A The bus was just arriving.
B The bus was no longer there.
C She had to wait ten minutes for the bus.
D The bus left a few minutes after she arrived.
25. "He had read her application." When did Mr Okafor read it?
A during the interview
B after she left the office
C before she came in
D He didn't read it.

Parte 4: Encuentra el error

Cada oración contiene un error. Elige la parte subrayada que es incorrecta.

26. When we got to the party, most of the guests had went home.
A When we got **B** to the party **C** most of the guests **D** had went home
27. Did the students had finished the test when the bell rang?
A Did the students had **B** finished the test
C when the bell **D** rang
28. She didn't had finished her report when the boss asked for it.
A She **B** didn't had finished
C her report **D** when the boss asked for it
29. He left for work after he has eaten breakfast.
A He left **B** for work
C after **D** he has eaten breakfast
30. By 2020, my parents lived in this house for twenty years.
A By 2020, **B** my parents
C lived in this house **D** for twenty years

Soluciones – Past Perfect (pluscuamperfecto) – Test 1

1 B	2 C	3 D	4 A	5 C	6 B	7 D	8 B	9 C	10 B
11 D	12 B	13 C	14 A	15 B	16 C	17 D	18 B	19 C	20 B
21 C	22 D	23 A	24 B	25 C	26 D	27 A	28 B	29 D	30 C

Explicaciones

- B** – El Past Perfect se forma con 'had' más el participio pasado.
- C** – Después de 'had' tiene que ir el participio pasado 'worked'.
- D** – La forma negativa del Past Perfect es 'hadn't' más el participio pasado.
- A** – En las preguntas en Past Perfect, 'had' va delante del sujeto y después viene el participio pasado 'eaten'.
- C** – 'Bought' es el participio pasado irregular de 'buy'.
- B** – El participio pasado de 'write' es 'written', no 'wrote' ni 'write'.
- D** – Una pregunta en Past Perfect se forma con 'had' + sujeto + participio pasado. No se usa 'did'.
- B** – En una respuesta corta se repite el auxiliar de la pregunta, que aquí es 'had'.
- C** – El tren salió antes de que yo llegara, así que necesitamos 'had' más el participio pasado 'left'.
- B** – 'd delante de un participio pasado como 'finished' es la forma contraída de 'had'.
- D** – La comida ya estaba hecha antes de que llegara Ana, por lo que se necesita el Past Perfect.
- B** – El Past Perfect 'had finished' indica que esta acción ocurrió primero.
- C** – Leer el libro sucedió antes del momento pasado en el que no quiso ver la película.
- A** – Los exámenes fueron primero, así que el Past Perfect 'had passed' es correcto.
- B** – El cambio se produjo antes del momento del pasado en el que lo vi.
- C** – Se usa 'for' con un periodo de tiempo como 'ten years'.
- D** – La experiencia se describe hasta un momento del pasado, por eso se usa el Past Perfect.
- B** – Solo hay una acción pasada y ningún acontecimiento anterior, así que lo correcto es el Past Simple.
- C** – 'By the time' + un hecho pasado indica algo que ya había terminado, por lo que se necesita el Past Perfect.
- B** – 'Until' marca el momento del pasado en que terminó la situación anterior.
- C** – El texto dice que nunca había estado en Portugal, por eso estaba nerviosa.
- D** – Había comprobado la ruta la noche anterior, así que esto ocurrió antes que todo lo demás de la lista.
- A** – El texto dice que se le había olvidado poner el despertador.
- B** – 'The bus had just left' significa que el autobús había salido poco antes de que ella llegara.
- C** – El Past Perfect indica que él lo leyó antes del momento en que ella entró.
- D** – Después de 'had' necesitamos el participio pasado 'gone', no el Past Simple 'went'.
- A** – Las preguntas en Past Perfect empiezan con 'Had', no con 'Did': 'Had the students finished...?'
- B** – La forma negativa es 'hadn't finished'. No se usa 'didn't' con 'had'.
- D** – La acción pasada anterior requiere el Past Perfect 'had eaten', no el Present Perfect.
- C** – Con 'by' + un momento del pasado y una duración, se usa el Past Perfect: 'had lived'.

Notas para el profesor: Utilice este test después de enseñar el Past Perfect o como prueba diagnóstica antes de un repaso. Se centra en los errores típicos del nivel B1: usar la forma del Past Simple después de 'had' (had went), usar 'did' en preguntas en Past Perfect, abusar del Past Perfect para acciones pasadas aisladas y confundirlo con el Present Perfect. Como actividad de seguimiento, pida a los alumnos que escriban un relato breve sobre un mal día con al menos cinco verbos en Past Perfect y las expresiones 'by the time', 'already' y 'before'.