

Estilo indirecto (Reported Speech) – Ficha 1



Haz esta ficha en
línea y comprueba tus
respuestas al instante

Nombre: _____ Clase: _____ Fecha: _____ Puntuación: / 39

Ejercicio 1: Transmite las afirmaciones

Completa las oraciones en estilo indirecto. Usa la forma correcta del verbo entre paréntesis.

Ejemplo: "I am tired," Anna said. → Anna said she ____ (be) tired. → was

- "I'm working from home today," Leo said. → Leo said he _____ (work) from home that day.
- "We have finished the project," they told me. → They told me they _____ (finish) the project.
- "I saw the film last week," Maya said. → Maya said she _____ (see) the film the week before.
- "I will call you tomorrow," Sam said. → Sam said he _____ (call) me the next day.
- "I can't swim," Priya said. → Priya said she _____ (not / can) swim.
- "We are going to move abroad," my neighbours said. → My neighbours said they _____ (go) to move abroad.
- "I don't like spicy food," Tom said. → Tom said he _____ (not / like) spicy food.
- "You must wear a helmet," the instructor told us. → The instructor told us we _____ (have to) wear a helmet.

Ejercicio 2: Elige el verbo introductorio

Completa cada oración en estilo indirecto con un verbo del recuadro. Usa cada verbo una sola vez. Sobran dos verbos.

Ejemplo: "I'll help you," said Ray. → Ray ____ to help me. → offered

BANCO DE PALABRAS

promised refused suggested admitted offered warned asked told denied said

- "Don't worry, I'll pay you back on Friday." → Carlos _____ to pay me back on Friday.
- "No, I won't apologise!" → Ella _____ to apologise.
- "Why don't we take a taxi?" → Ben _____ taking a taxi.
- "Yes, I broke the window." → The boy _____ breaking the window.
- "Shall I carry your bag?" → Jade _____ to carry my bag.
- "Be careful – the floor is wet." → The cleaner _____ us that the floor was wet.

15. "Are you coming to the party?" → Lily _____ me if I was coming to the party.

16. "I'm not feeling well." → Oscar _____ me he wasn't feeling well.

Ejercicio 3: Transmite las preguntas

Reescribe cada pregunta directa como pregunta indirecta. Empieza con las palabras dadas.

Ejemplo: "Is it raining?" → She asked ... → She asked if it was raining.

17. "Where do you live?" → Kate asked me ...

18. "Are you hungry?" → He asked her ...

19. "What time does the museum open?" → The tourist asked ...

20. "Have you ever been to Canada?" → My teacher asked me ...

21. "Why didn't you call me?" → Ruth asked Dan ...

22. "Can you help me with my homework?" → My sister asked me ...

23. "Who will lead the team next year?" → The reporter asked ...

24. "How long have you been waiting?" → The nurse asked us ...

Ejercicio 4: Encuentra y corrige el error

Cada oración tiene un error. Escribe la oración correcta.

Ejemplo: He asked me where did I work. → He asked me where I worked.

25. She asked me where was the station.

26. They asked us whether did we want some tea.

27. My boss told me to not be late again.

28. Paul suggested to go to the beach.

29. Mia said she will phone me the following day.

30. Jack asked me what time is it.

31. She said me that she had lost her keys.

32. He denied to take the money.

Ejercicio 5: Ordena las palabras

Ordena las palabras para formar oraciones en estilo indirecto.

Ejemplo: me / told / she / to / wait → She told me to wait.

33. me / asked / to / she / the / close / window

34. us / not / told / the / guide / to / touch / the / paintings

35. asked / me / Anna / if / I / was / ready

36. explained / he / had / that / missed / the / bus / he

37. she / said / she / had / arrived / the / day / before

38. me / asked / they / where / had / parked / I

39. reminded / to / us / bring / she / our / passports



Soluciones – Estilo indirecto (Reported Speech) – Ficha 1

Ejercicio 1: Transmite las afirmaciones

1. **was working**
El present continuous pasa a past continuous.
2. **had finished**
El present perfect pasa a past perfect.
3. **had seen**
El past simple suele pasar a past perfect, aunque también puede mantenerse igual.
4. **would call**
Will pasa a would.
5. **couldn't**
Can pasa a could.
6. **were going**
Am/is/are going to pasa a was/were going to.
7. **didn't like**
El present simple en negativa pasa a past simple en negativa.
8. **had to**
Must (obligación) suele pasar a had to.

Ejercicio 2: Elige el verbo introductorio

9. **promised**
Promise + infinitivo con to expresa un compromiso.
10. **refused**
Refuse + infinitivo con to expresa la negativa a hacer algo.
11. **suggested**
Suggest + -ing expresa una propuesta.
12. **admitted**
Admit + -ing expresa que se reconoce o confiesa algo.
13. **offered**
Offer + infinitivo con to transmite un ofrecimiento del tipo 'Shall I...?'.
14. **warned**
Warn + complemento + that transmite una advertencia sobre un peligro.
15. **asked**
Ask + complemento + if transmite una pregunta de sí/no.
16. **told**
Tell necesita un complemento (me); say no.

Ejercicio 3: Transmite las preguntas

17. **Kate asked me where I lived.**
En las preguntas indirectas se usa el orden de oración afirmativa y no se usa do/does.
18. **He asked her if she was hungry.**
Las preguntas de sí/no se transmiten con if o whether.
19. **The tourist asked what time the museum opened.**
Se elimina does y el verbo pasa a pasado.
20. **My teacher asked me if I had ever been to Canada.**
El present perfect pasa a past perfect; se usa if/whether.
21. **Ruth asked Dan why he hadn't called her.**
El past simple pasa a past perfect y cambian los pronombres.
22. **My sister asked me if I could help her with her homework.**
Can pasa a could, y me/my pasan a her.
23. **The reporter asked who would lead the team the following year.**
Will pasa a would y next year pasa a the following year.
24. **The nurse asked us how long we had been waiting.**
El present perfect continuous pasa a past perfect continuous.

Ejercicio 4: Encuentra y corrige el error

25. **She asked me where the station was.**
Las preguntas indirectas siguen el orden de oración afirmativa.
26. **They asked us whether we wanted some tea.**
No se usa did en las preguntas indirectas.
27. **My boss told me not to be late again.**
Las órdenes negativas se transmiten con not to + infinitivo.
28. **Paul suggested going to the beach.**
Suggest va seguido de -ing, no de infinitivo con to.
29. **Mia said she would phone me the following day.**
Will pasa a would después de un verbo introductorio en pasado.
30. **Jack asked me what time it was.**
Usa el orden de oración afirmativa y retrocede el tiempo verbal.
31. **She told me that she had lost her keys.**
Say no va seguido directamente de un complemento; usa tell me o said (to me).
32. **He denied taking the money.**
Deny va seguido de -ing, no de infinitivo con to.

Ejercicio 5: Ordena las palabras

33. She asked me to close the window.

Peticiones: ask + complemento + infinitivo con to.

34. The guide told us not to touch the paintings.

Órdenes negativas: tell + complemento + not to + infinitivo.

35. Anna asked me if I was ready.

Ask + complemento + if + sujeto + verbo.

36. He explained that he had missed the bus.

Explain + that + oración, con past perfect para una acción anterior.

37. She said she had arrived the day before.

Yesterday pasa a the day before en estilo indirecto.

38. They asked me where I had parked.

Pronombre interrogativo (wh-) + sujeto + verbo, sin inversión.

39. She reminded us to bring our passports.

Remind + complemento + infinitivo con to.

Notas para el profesor: Empiece con el ejercicio 1 como repaso rápido de los cambios de tiempo verbal y utilice después el ejercicio 2 para centrarse en las estructuras verbales (verbo + infinitivo con to, verbo + -ing, verbo + complemento). Entre los errores más frecuentes están mantener el orden de pregunta en las preguntas indirectas (*She asked where was the station*), usar 'said me' en lugar de 'told me' y escribir 'suggested to go'. Como actividad de ampliación, pida a los alumnos que se entrevisten por parejas con cinco preguntas y que luego cuenten las respuestas al resto de la clase empleando distintos verbos introductorios.