# Les adjectifs de personnalité – Test 1

Faites ce test en ligne et vérifiez vos réponses immédiatement

Nom: Classe: Date: Score: / 30

Pour chaque question, choisissez la meilleure réponse (A, B, C ou D).

## Partie 1 : Que signifie ce mot ?

*Choisissez le mot ou la phrase qui correspond le mieux au sens donné.*

1. Someone who is _____ always tells the truth.
   **A** honest **B** generous **C** shy **D** lazy

2. "My brother is very generous." What does this mean?
   **A** He gets angry easily.
   **B** He doesn't like working.
   **C** He likes giving things and money to other people.
   **D** He is afraid of talking to new people.

3. A _____ person doesn't like working or making an effort.
   **A** hard-working **B** lazy **C** patient **D** polite

4. Which word describes someone who feels nervous and uncomfortable with people they don't know?
   **A** confident **B** sociable **C** shy **D** cheerful

5. Someone who can wait calmly without getting annoyed is _____.
   **A** impatient **B** bossy **C** moody **D** patient

6. A _____ person thinks they are better or more important than other people.
   **A** modest **B** arrogant **C** reliable **D** sensitive

7. "Sam is very reliable." What does this mean?
   **A** You can trust Sam to do what he promises.
   **B** Sam always makes people laugh.
   **C** Sam is often late.
   **D** Sam is very good at sport.

8. A _____ person likes to tell other people what to do.
   **A** easy-going **B** bossy **C** sympathetic **D** curious

## Partie 2 : Choix du mot et collocations

*Choisissez le mot, la phrase ou la réponse qui convient à chaque situation.*

9. Lucia is always in a good mood and smiles a lot. She's very _____.
   **A** stubborn **B** mean **C** cheerful **D** selfish

10. My grandfather never changes his mind, even when he's wrong. He's so _____!
    **A** flexible **B** stubborn **C** sensible **D** tidy

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11. Kenji is really _____ — he keeps his desk tidy and always plans his week carefully.
**A** messy **B** forgetful **C** rude **D** organised

12. Which sentence is correct?
**A** She is very kind for animals. **B** She is very kind to animals.
**C** She is very kind at animals. **D** She is very kind on animals.

13. My sister is really good _____ people — she's so sociable.
**A** at **B** for **C** on **D** with

14. Which word is wrong in this sentence? "Daniel is very sensible, so he gets upset easily when people criticise him."
**A** sensible **B** upset **C** easily **D** criticise

15. A: "Mia lent me her notes and helped me study all weekend." B: "_____"
**A** That was really thoughtful of her. **B** She's so selfish.
**C** How rude of her! **D** She sounds really lazy.

16. It was very _____ of you to shout at the waiter. He was only trying to help.
**A** brave **B** honest **C** polite **D** rude

## Partie 3 : Contraires et familles de mots

*Choisissez le bon contraire ou la bonne forme du mot.*

17. The opposite of "patient" is _____.
**A** unpatient **B** impatient **C** dispatient **D** inpatient

18. The opposite of "honest" is _____.
**A** unhonest **B** inhonest **C** dishonest **D** imhonest

19. The opposite of "friendly" is _____.
**A** unfriendly **B** disfriendly **C** infriendly **D** imfriendly

20. I really admire her _____. She always tells the truth. (HONEST)
**A** honest **B** honestly **C** honesty **D** honestness

21. He showed great _____ when he saved the child from the river. (BRAVE)
**A** braveness **B** bravery **C** bravely **D** bravity

22. Thank you for your _____. I really appreciate your help. (KIND)
**A** kind **B** kindly **C** kindity **D** kindness

23. Lily has a lot of confidence. She's very _____.
**A** confident **B** confidence **C** confidently **D** confidential

24. The opposite of "responsible" is _____.
**A** unresponsible **B** irresponsible **C** disresponsible **D** imresponsible

## Partie 4 : Lecture – My New Flatmates

*Lisez le texte et choisissez la meilleure réponse à chaque question.*

Last September I moved into a flat with three other students, and I was a bit worried at first. I'm quite shy, and I wasn't sure if we would get on well. Now, after six months, I can honestly say they are some of the best people I know.

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Tomás is the most sociable person I've ever met. He knows everyone on our street, and he's always inviting people round for dinner. He can be a little impatient — he hates waiting for the bathroom in the morning! — but he's never unkind.

Priya is very hard-working. She studies medicine and spends hours in the library. She's also extremely organised: there's a cleaning timetable on the fridge, and that was her idea. Some people might think she's a bit bossy, but she's usually right, and the flat is always tidy thanks to her.

Then there's Felix. He's very easy-going, and nothing seems to worry him. When I broke his favourite mug, he just laughed and said, 'Don't worry, it's only a mug.' The only problem is that he's quite forgetful. Last week he left his keys inside the flat twice!

Living with them has changed me. I've become more confident, and I'm not as nervous about meeting new people. I think I've learned a lot from each of them.

25. Why was the writer worried when she moved into the flat?
    **A** She didn't like the flat.
    **B** She thought the other students were lazy.
    **C** She is shy and wasn't sure they would get on well.
    **D** She had to clean the flat every day.

26. What shows that Tomás is sociable?
    **A** He knows everyone on the street and often invites people for dinner.
    **B** He hates waiting for the bathroom.
    **C** He is never unkind.
    **D** He studies in the library.

27. The word "impatient" in paragraph 2 shows that Tomás _____.
    **A** is often rude to people
    **B** doesn't like waiting
    **C** forgets things easily
    **D** never gets up early

28. Why might some people think Priya is bossy?
    **A** Because she studies medicine.
    **B** Because she spends hours in the library.
    **C** Because the flat is always tidy.
    **D** Because she makes plans for everyone, like the cleaning timetable.

29. How does the story about the mug show that Felix is easy-going?
    **A** He bought a new mug immediately.
    **B** He asked the writer to pay for it.
    **C** He stayed calm and didn't get angry.
    **D** He forgot that the mug was broken.

30. How has the writer changed since she moved in?
    **A** She has become more confident.
    **B** She has become less sociable.
    **C** She has become more forgetful.
    **D** She has become more impatient.

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# Corrigé – Les adjectifs de personnalité – Test 1

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 A | 2 C | 3 B | 4 C | 5 D | 6 B | 7 A | 8 B | 9 C | 10 B |
| 11 D | 12 B | 13 D | 14 A | 15 A | 16 D | 17 B | 18 C | 19 A | 20 C |
| 21 B | 22 D | 23 A | 24 B | 25 C | 26 A | 27 B | 28 D | 29 C | 30 A |

## Explications

1. **A** – Une personne honest dit la vérité et ne ment pas.
2. **C** – Les personnes generous donnent volontiers leur temps, leur argent ou leurs affaires aux autres.
3. **B** – Lazy décrit quelqu'un qui évite le travail et l'effort.
4. **C** – Une personne shy se sent mal à l'aise avec les gens qu'elle ne connaît pas.
5. **D** – Patient signifie capable d'attendre calmement sans s'énerver.
6. **B** – Les personnes arrogant se croient supérieures aux autres ; modest est le contraire.
7. **A** – On peut compter sur une personne reliable pour faire ce qu'elle a promis.
8. **B** – Bossy décrit quelqu'un qui donne souvent des ordres aux autres.
9. **C** – Cheerful signifie joyeux et positif, ce qui correspond au sourire et à la bonne humeur.
10. **B** – Une personne stubborn refuse de changer d'avis.
11. **D** – Les personnes organised planifient soigneusement et gardent tout en ordre.
12. **B** – La collocation correcte est « kind to » quelqu'un ou quelque chose.
13. **D** – On dit « good with people » pour décrire quelqu'un qui s'entend bien avec les autres.
14. **A** – Le mot correct est « sensitive » (qui se vexe facilement) ; « sensible » signifie raisonnable, sensé.
15. **A** – Aider quelqu'un tout le week-end est un geste attentionné et gentil (thoughtful).
16. **D** – Crier sur quelqu'un qui vous aide est un comportement impoli (rude).
17. **B** – Patient prend le préfixe im- pour former impatient.
18. **C** – Honest prend le préfixe dis- pour former dishonest.
19. **A** – Friendly prend le préfixe un- pour former unfriendly.
20. **C** – Après « her », il faut un nom, et le nom formé à partir de honest est honesty.
21. **B** – Le nom habituel formé à partir de brave est bravery.
22. **D** – Après « your », il faut un nom, et le nom formé à partir de kind est kindness.
23. **A** – Après « very », il faut un adjectif, et l'adjectif formé à partir de confidence est confident.
24. **B** – Les mots commençant par r prennent souvent le préfixe ir-, donc le contraire est irresponsible.
25. **C** – Le texte indique qu'elle est assez timide et qu'elle n'était pas sûre qu'ils s'entendraient bien.
26. **A** – Le fait de connaître beaucoup de monde et d'inviter des gens chez lui montre qu'il aime être entouré.
27. **B** – L'exemple donné est qu'il déteste attendre pour la salle de bains.
28. **D** – Organiser tout le monde avec un planning de ménage peut donner l'impression de dire aux autres quoi faire.
29. **C** – Il a ri et lui a dit de ne pas s'inquiéter, ce qui montre qu'il est détendu et calme.
30. **A** – Dans le dernier paragraphe, elle dit qu'elle a pris confiance en elle.

**Notes pour l'enseignant:** Utilisez ce test après une séquence sur la description des personnes, ou en évaluation diagnostique avant de l'aborder. Il cible des erreurs fréquentes chez les apprenants, comme la confusion entre sensible et sensitive (un véritable faux ami pour les francophones), le mauvais choix de préfixe négatif (unpatient, unhonest) ou l'emploi d'une préposition incorrecte (kind for, good at people). En prolongement, demandez aux élèves de rédiger une courte description d'un ami ou d'un membre de leur famille en utilisant au moins huit adjectifs du test.

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