

Le discours indirect (affirmations et questions) – Fiche 1



Faites cette fiche en
ligne et vérifiez vos
réponses
immédiatement

Nom: _____ Classe: _____ Date: _____ Score: / 38

Exercice 1 : Change le temps

Complète les phrases au discours indirect. Mets le verbe entre parenthèses à la forme correcte.

Exemple: "I am hungry." → Max said that he ____ (be) hungry. → was

- "I am tired." → Anna said that she _____ (be) tired.
- "We live in a small flat." → Tom said that they _____ (live) in a small flat.
- "I'm watching a film." → Maria said she _____ (watch) a film.
- "I have lost my keys." → Leo said he _____ (lose) his keys.
- "I saw Paul yesterday." → Sara said she _____ (see) Paul the day before.
- "I will call you." → Ben told me he _____ (call) me.
- "I can't swim." → Yuki said she _____ (can / not) swim.
- "We don't like spicy food." → They said they _____ (not / like) spicy food.

Exercice 2 : Verbes introducteurs et expressions de temps

Complète les phrases avec les mots de l'encadré. Deux mots ne servent pas.

BANQUE DE MOTS

said told asked if the next day the day before there that night tomorrow here

- Carlos _____ me that he was busy.
- Emma _____ that the bus was late.
- My teacher _____ me why I was late.
- Nina wanted to know _____ I liked jazz.
- "I'll finish it tomorrow." → He said he would finish it _____.
- "I met her yesterday." → She said she had met her _____.
- "I work here." → He said he worked _____.
- "We're going out tonight." → They said they were going out _____.

Exercice 3 : Rapporte les questions

Réécris chaque question au discours indirect. Commence par les mots donnés et utilise l'ordre des mots d'une phrase affirmative.

Exemple: "Where are you going?" Lily asked me. → Lily asked me where I was going.

17. "Where do you live?" Ken asked me. → Ken asked me ...

18. "Are you hungry?" Mum asked me. → Mum asked me ...

19. "What time does the museum open?" a tourist asked. → A tourist asked ...

20. "Have you finished your homework?" the teacher asked Lucy. → The teacher asked Lucy ...

21. "Why are you laughing?" Omar asked us. → Omar asked us ...

22. "Can you help me?" Hana asked Jack. → Hana asked Jack ...

23. "Who did you see at the party?" Priya asked me. → Priya asked me ...

24. "Will it rain tomorrow?" Diego asked. → Diego asked ...

Exercice 4 : Trouve l'erreur

Chaque phrase contient une erreur. Écris la phrase correcte.

Exemple: He said me he was ill. → He told me he was ill.

25. She said me that she was tired.

26. He asked me where did I work.

27. Anna asked me if I am free on Saturday.

28. My brother asked me what time is it.

29. Tom said he will visit us the next day.

30. The doctor asked me do I smoke.

31. Lisa told me that she has bought a new bike.

32. He asked me that I liked football.

Exercice 5 : Remets les mots dans l'ordre

Remets les mots dans l'ordre pour former des phrases au discours indirect.

Exemple: asked / me / Jo / I / if / was / OK → Jo asked me if I was OK.

33. asked / me / she / where / I / was / going

34. told / us / the teacher / that / the test / was / easy

35. Sam / asked / me / if / I / could / drive

36. said / they / had / they / missed / the train

37. asked / whether / Mia / we / were / ready

38. me / asked / how much / the tickets / cost / Ravi

Corrigé – Le discours indirect (affirmations et questions) – Fiche 1

Exercice 1 : Change le temps

1. **was**
Le présent simple am devient le prétérit was.
2. **lived**
Le présent simple live devient le prétérit lived.
3. **was watching**
Le présent continu devient le passé continu.
4. **had lost**
Le present perfect devient le past perfect.
5. **had seen**
Au discours indirect, le prétérit devient généralement le past perfect.
6. **would call**
Will devient would.
7. **couldn't**
Can't devient couldn't.
8. **didn't like**
Don't + verbe devient didn't + verbe.

Exercice 2 : Verbes introducteurs et expressions de temps

9. **told**
On emploie told quand le verbe est suivi d'une personne (me).
10. **said**
On emploie said quand le verbe n'est pas suivi d'une personne.
11. **asked**
On emploie asked pour rapporter une question.
12. **if**
On emploie if (ou whether) pour rapporter une question fermée (réponse yes/no).
13. **the next day**
Tomorrow devient the next day.
14. **the day before**
Yesterday devient the day before.
15. **there**
Here devient généralement there.
16. **that night**
Tonight devient that night.

Exercice 3 : Rapporte les questions

17. **Ken asked me where I lived.**
On supprime do et on utilise l'ordre affirmatif avec le passé : where I lived.
18. **Mum asked me if I was hungry.**
Les questions fermées se rapportent avec if ou whether.
19. **A tourist asked what time the museum opened.**
On supprime does et on met le verbe au passé : the museum opened.
20. **The teacher asked Lucy if she had finished her homework.**
On emploie if/whether, you devient she et have finished devient had finished.
21. **Omar asked us why we were laughing.**
Le sujet se place avant le verbe : why we were laughing.
22. **Hana asked Jack if he could help her.**
Can devient could, et les pronoms deviennent he et her.
23. **Priya asked me who I had seen at the party.**
On supprime did et on emploie le past perfect : who I had seen.
24. **Diego asked if it would rain the next day.**
Will devient would et tomorrow devient the next day.

Exercice 4 : Trouve l'erreur

25. **She told me that she was tired.**
Say ne peut pas être suivi directement d'un complément de personne : told me corrige donc l'erreur. La phrase est également correcte sans that.
26. **He asked me where I worked.**
Les questions indirectes suivent l'ordre affirmatif, sans did.
27. **Anna asked me if I was free on Saturday.**
Après asked, am devient généralement was.
28. **My brother asked me what time it was.**
On utilise l'ordre affirmatif et le passé : what time it was.
29. **Tom said he would visit us the next day.**
Au discours indirect, will devient would.
30. **The doctor asked me if I smoked.**
Les questions fermées se rapportent avec if ou whether, pas avec do.
31. **Lisa told me that she had bought a new bike.**
Le present perfect devient le past perfect.
32. **He asked me if I liked football.**
Pour rapporter une question fermée, on emploie if ou whether, et non that.

Exercice 5 : Remets les mots dans l'ordre

33. She asked me where I was going.

Dans les questions indirectes, le sujet (I) se place avant le verbe (was going).

34. The teacher told us that the test was easy.

Told est suivi d'une personne (us), puis de la phrase rapportée.

35. Sam asked me if I could drive.

If introduit une question fermée au discours indirect.

36. They said they had missed the train.

Said est suivi directement de la phrase rapportée.

37. Mia asked whether we were ready.

Whether s'emploie comme if dans les questions fermées au discours indirect.

38. Ravi asked me how much the tickets cost.

Après le mot interrogatif, on utilise l'ordre affirmatif : the tickets cost.

Notes pour l'enseignant: Avant l'exercice 1, revoyez rapidement le tableau de la concordance des temps (am → was, will → would, have done → had done). Les erreurs les plus fréquentes consistent à conserver l'ordre interrogatif dans les questions indirectes (*He asked where did I work*) et à employer said avec un complément de personne (*She said me*) : insistez donc sur ces points dans les exercices 3 et 4. En prolongement, faites travailler les élèves en binômes : chacun pose cinq questions à son partenaire, puis rapporte les réponses à un nouveau camarade en utilisant said, told et asked.